JCSMS Lightning Round

COLUMBUS, OH 2017

Order of presentations

- Amanda Carlson-Phillips
- Paul Roetert
- Amol Saxena
- ▶ Erin Wasserman
- Rob Franks
- ▶ Tatiana Jevremovic

- Cassidy Hallagin
- Monica Forquer
- ▶ PRIVIT
- Walk with a Doc
- Dutra/Forcum
- Randy Dick (time allowing)



Evolving Nutritional Care for the Athlete:

Beyond Healthy Eating to Personalized Nutrition

Amanda Carlson-Phillips, MS, RD, CSSD

Vice President

Collegiate and Professional Sports Dietitians

Association

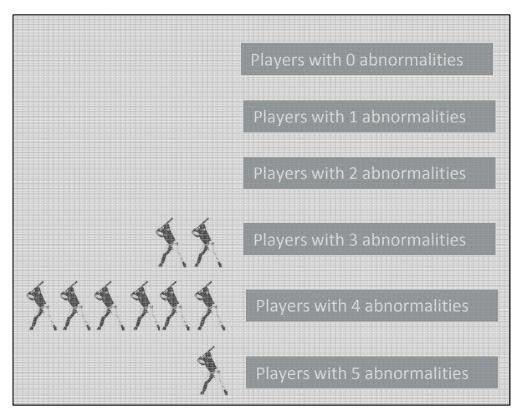
·C·P·S·D·A· Leveraging Diagnostic to Advance Nutritional Programming GENOME GOALS **HORMONAL PROFILE MEDICAL HISTORY ALLERGIES & ANTHROPOMETRICS SENSITIVITIES SUPPLEMENT** MICROBIOME **HISTORY HYDRATION STATUS DEFICIENCIES HABITS** MICRONUTRIENT TRAINING **INFORMATION INJURY HISTORY**

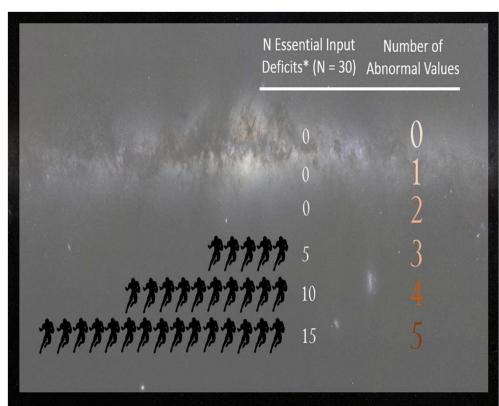




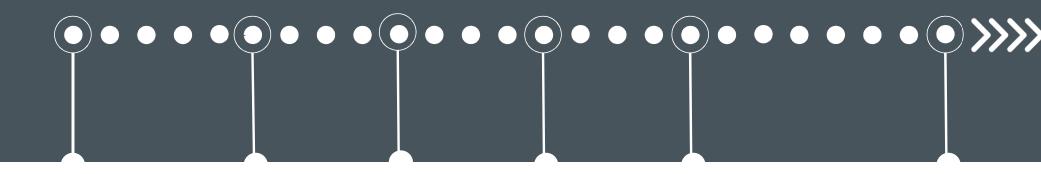
Are athletes fed, but undernourished?

Vitamin D | Magnesium | Omega 3 | Homocysteine | AA: EPA





CRITICAL MILESTONES: Past · Present · Future Evolving Nutritional Care for the Athlete









2014 NCAA





2018

NSF Certified for Sport Supplementation

NFL hires first full time RD

CPSDA member Amy Freel becomes first dietitian to serve on the NCAA committee on Competitive Safeguards and Medical Aspects of Sport NCAA Deregulation of feeding NBA hires first Chef RD

30% Rule Dissolved (schools can now provide products that are higher than 30% protein)



NCAA

~90% The Power 5 ~45% of teams Conference teams have a full time RD

NFL

with full time RD support

03

MLB

10% of teams with full time RD support

04

NBA

10% of teams with full time RD support

Sports Nutrition is advancing as a part of the integrated performance team, but still has a long way to

Preparing for a Physically Literate Life

- Aunt Mary
- History
- Early sport specialization





"The ability to move with competence and confidence in a wide variety of physical activities in multiple environments that benefit the healthy development of the whole person."

Mandigo, Francis, Lodewyk and Lopez (2012)





SHAPE America Standards for K-12 Physical Education

- Standard 1 The physically literate individual demonstrates competency in a variety of motor skills and movement patterns.
- Standard 2 The physically literate individual applies knowledge of concepts, principles, strategies and tactics related to movement and performance.
- Standard 3 The physically literate individual demonstrates the knowledge and skills to achieve and maintain a health-enhancing level of physical activity and fitness.
- Standard 4 The physically literate individual exhibits responsible personal and social behavior that respects self and others.
- Standard 5 The physically literate individual recognizes the value of physical activity for health, enjoyment, challenge, self-expression and/or social interaction.



- SHAPE America, 2014



Physical Literacy Training Concepts

- Spatial Awareness
- Strength
- Balance





Summary Comments:

- Attain motor skill competency with a focus on lifetime physical activities
- Develop a proper understanding of motor patterns and teaching age-appropriate skills is imperative for a full understanding of the benefits of physical literacy
- Expose youth to a variety of movement patterns to ensure that a child can competently perform a breadth of movement skills in a range of different activities and environments before specializing in specific movement patterns within a single sport







High-Energy/Low-Energy

- OLD Terminology!!!
- Current Terminology (since 2006): Focused aka "ESWT" (true shockwaves) and radial (RSW, SWT,rESWT) "sound/pressure" waves
- **OWORKS BY:**
- Causing pain, release & depletion of Substance P
- Creating micro-trauma, releases growth factors, neovascularization, re-introduces a healing response
- Can induce stem cell release in bony & fatty areas



Chronic Plantar fasciitis (6+ mos)

- Saxena et al (2013) Case-controlled study on athletes. Comparing endoscopic plantar fasciotomy (EPF) vs. Focused ESWT. EPF with better outcome but ESWT preferable since they can remain active during treatment⁴. Level II
- Gerdesmeyer et al (2008) RCT. Radial ESWT vs. Placebo. Radial ESWT with superior VAS and RM results⁵. Level I
- Malay et al (2006) RCT. ESWT vs. Placebo with better VAS outcome of ESWT⁶. Level I
- NOTE: Tx < 3mos vs >6 mos works better (Saxena et al)



Achilles Tendinopathy

- Saxena et al (2011). Prospective study. RSW for para, proximal, and insertional Achilles tendinopathy. Significant improvement in RM score for Achilles tendinopathy⁷. 75% effective Level III
- Rompe et al (2009). RCT. RSWT vs. Eccentric + ESWT with favorable outcome for the combined group⁸. Level I
- Rompe et al (2008). RCT. RSWT vs. eccentric loading. Better outcome for ESWT⁹. Level I
- Rasmussen et al (2008). RCT. ESWT vs. Placebo ESWT. Better outcome with the ESWT¹⁰. Level I
- Furia (2008). Case control study. RSWT vs. Control (traditional conservative method). Better outcome with ESWT¹¹. Level III





- Rompe et al (2010) Retrospective cohort study. Radial ESWT + home training program vs. Home training program only.
 ESWT combined group out performed the other group¹².
 Level II
- Moen et al (2012) Prospective study comparing ESWT w a gradual RTRunning program. RTA sig faster (P=.008, 60 vs 92days) ¹⁵ Level II



Medial Tibial Stress Fracture: 17 Wks later, Olympic Gold





Comparison of Pitching Injuries between NCAA Softball and Baseball Pitchers, 2009/10 – 2014/15

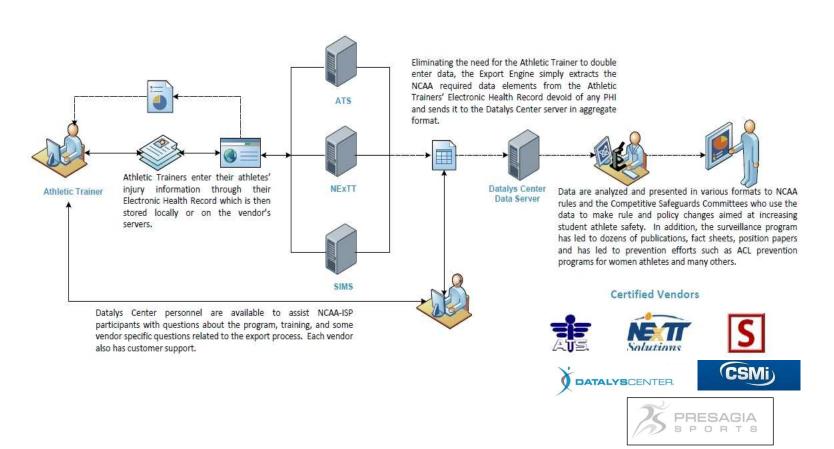




 Differences in body site, diagnoses, and time loss of pitching injuries between NCAA baseball and softball

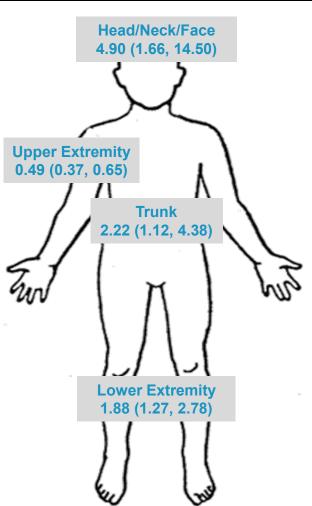


NCAA Injury Surveillance Program



Softball vs. Baseball IPRs



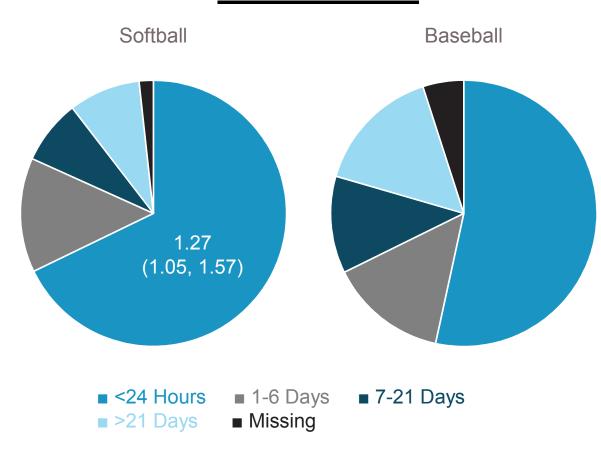


Most common diagnoses:

- Softball
 - Shoulder inflammation (8.7%)
 - Trunk strains (7.0%)
 - Lower leg contusions (6.1%)
- Baseball
 - Shoulder strains (10.6%)
 - Elbow inflammation (10.6%)
 - Shoulder entrapment (8.1%)



Time Loss



Common mechanisms:

- Softball
 - Overuse (41%)
 - Non-contact (28%)
 - Ball contact (22%)
- Baseball
 - Overuse (52%)
 - Non-contact (28%)
 - Ball contact (15%)



Conclusions

- Baseball pitchers sustain a higher proportion of upper extremity injuries than softball pitchers
- Softball pitchers report a higher proportion of lower extremity injuries than baseball pitchers
- Further examination of biomechanics needed for injury prevention



Epidemiology

- National Federation of High School Sports 2013-14 survey found 7.8 million students participate in sports.
- Overuse injuries account for 46-50% of all athletic injuries.
- No epidemiological data for number of young athletes who play year-round in same sport or on multiple teams at the same time.
- NFHS 2015-16 study showed specialized athletes had twice the frequency of lower extremity injuries than those that did not specialize.
- Same study showed specialization led to twice as many overuse injuries than those who did not specialize controlling for gender, grade, sport and previous injury status.
- Same study showed 50 % of student athletes participated in club team in addition to high school team.



Definition

Sports Specialization

- Athlete focuses on only one sport
- · Athlete often plays same sport year round
- See increased frequency at earlier age as select/travel teams begin with athletes as young as 7.

Differentiation

- Early Specialization Begins before puberty
- Late Specialization with Early Diversification Sampling
- Reasons for above scholarships, desire to be professional or Olympic athlete, self image as elite as defined by media, sporting industry, coaches, family, or society.
- Only 3.3 to 11.3 % of high school athletes compete at NCAA level with only 1% receiving an athletic scholarship.
- Only 0.03 to 0.05 % of high school athletes achieve play at the professional level.
- Athletes who participate in a variety of sports have less injuries and play sports longer than those who specialize before puberty.
- Parents are greatest influence on choosing a particular sport.
- Coaches influence the decision to train more intensely and specialize.



Effects of Early Specialization

- Consideration of decision for specialization should include development of sports related motor skills, sport specific knowledge, motivation and socialization.
- Affectation on health is seen in areas of cardiac, nutrition, maturation, musculoskeletal, and physiologic effect on athlete.
- Cardiovascular No adverse effects.
- Nutrition Emphasis on caloric intake to meet demands of sport in those in high intensity or endurance sports.
- Maturity Menarche often 1 to 2 years later than in those who are non athletes.
- Musculoskeletal Increased risk of stress fractures, lower bone density, female athlete triad, overuse injuries.



Early Evidence Concerning Sports Specialization

- There is little evidence that specialization before puberty is necessary to reach elite status and is more likely to be detrimental to the health of the athlete.
- Delaying sports specialization until after puberty decreases risk of injury and leads to higher propensity for success. Delay and participation in multiple sports allows increased diversity of athlete's skills.
- Early specialization before puberty leads to risk of physical, emotional, and social issues. Risk of injury is multifactorial and can include training volume, competition level and pubertal maturation stage. Staleness of skill development and burnout are also significant issues with early specialization.
- Exact amount of training to be successful has yet to be determined.
- No data exists to show sports enhancement programs are successful.
- National ranking of athletes should be discouraged before athlete's later years of high school.



Questions for the Future

- Is there a genetic predisposition/s that may predict success or failure with specialization of sport?
- Need for longitudinal data on early sports specialization and injury and burnout rates
- Need for data as to when to begin sports specialization, if at all.



Don't prescribe opiates as first line treatment for tendinopathies.

CASEM



ACMSE



Don't order an MRI as an initial investigation for suspected rotator cuff tendinopathy.

as first line athies.

Don't prescribe opiates as first line treatment for tendinopathies.

Don't order orthotics for asymptomatic children with pes planus (flat feet).

CASEM

Don't order an MRI as an initial investigation for suspected rotator cuff tendinopathy.





Don't order orthotics for asymptomatic children with pes planus (flat feet).

Don't immobilize ankle inversion sprains with no evidence of bony or syndesmotic injury.

Don't order an MRI as an initial investigation for suspected rotator cuff tendinopathy.

treatment for tendinopathies.



Don't prescribe opiates as first line treatment for tendinopathies.

Don't order orthotics for asymptomatic children with pes planus (flat feet).

Don't order an MRI for suspected degenerative meniscal tears or osteoarthritis (OA).

CASEM



ACMSE

Don't order an MRI as an initial investigation for suspected rotator cuff tendinopathy.

Don't immobilize ankle inversion sprains with no evidence of bony or syndesmotic injury.

The relationship between pre-operative and twelve-week post-operative
Y balance and quadricep strength in athletes with an ACL tear

Cassidy Joseph Hallagin PT, DPT

Co-Authors:

J. Craig Garrison, PhD, PT, ATC, SCS Jim Bothwell, MD Shiho Goto, PhD, ATC Joseph Hannon, PT, DPT, SCS, CSCS Kalyssa Pollard, MS

Background



- Decreased quadriceps strength preoperatively → decreased quadriceps strength post-operatively
- YBT ANT asymmetry >4 cm at 12 weeks did not meet criteria to RTS for the single and triple hop test for distance
- PURPOSE: Examine the relationship between Y Balance Test scores and isokinetic quadriceps strength at preoperative ACL-R and 12 weeks postoperative following ACL-R

Methods

Inclusion	 Involved in/plan to return to Level 1 sport Physical therapy (2-3x/wk for at least 12wks)
Exclusion	 Previous ACL tear and/or reconstruction on either side Any other ligamentous injuries to the knee Associated chondral defect requiring surgical intervention

- Biodex Multi-Joint Testing and Rehabilitation System
 - Quadriceps muscle strength @ 60°/sec
 - Average of 5 trials
- YBT-LQ assesses ROM, strength, and neuromuscular control
 - Anterior (ANT), Posteromedial (PM) and Posterolateral (PL)
 - 3 test trials each leg, each direction

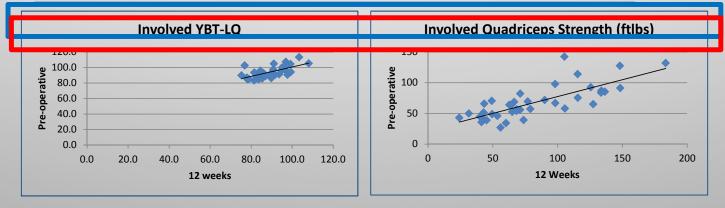


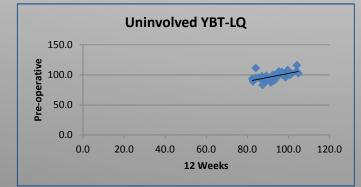


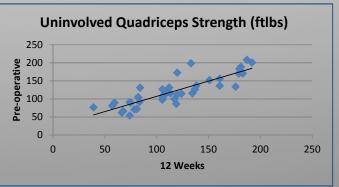


Results

Age (yrs)	Gender		Height (cm)	Weight (kg)	Dominant S	ide I	injured Side	
	Male	Female			Right Le	eft R	Right Left	
15.6±1.5	21	18	172.1±9.6	72.1±16.8	37 1	2	20 19	##

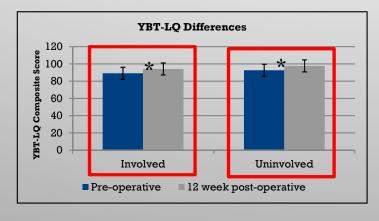


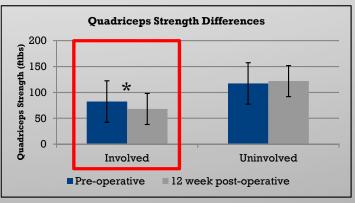




Results

	YBT-LQ		Quadriceps St	Quadriceps Strength (ftlbs)		
	Involved*	Uninvolved*	Involved*	Uninvolved		
Pre-operative	89.0 ± 7.7	92.6 ± 6.2	82.3 ± 38.6	117.3 ± 42.0		
12 Weeks post-op	94.1 ± 7.1	97.6 ± 6.8	67.9 ± 27.4	121.7 ± 41.5		





*17% DECREASE FROM PRE-OPERATIVE TO 12WKS

30% DEFICIT AT PRE-OPERATIVE → 44% DEFICIT AT 12WKS

Discussion

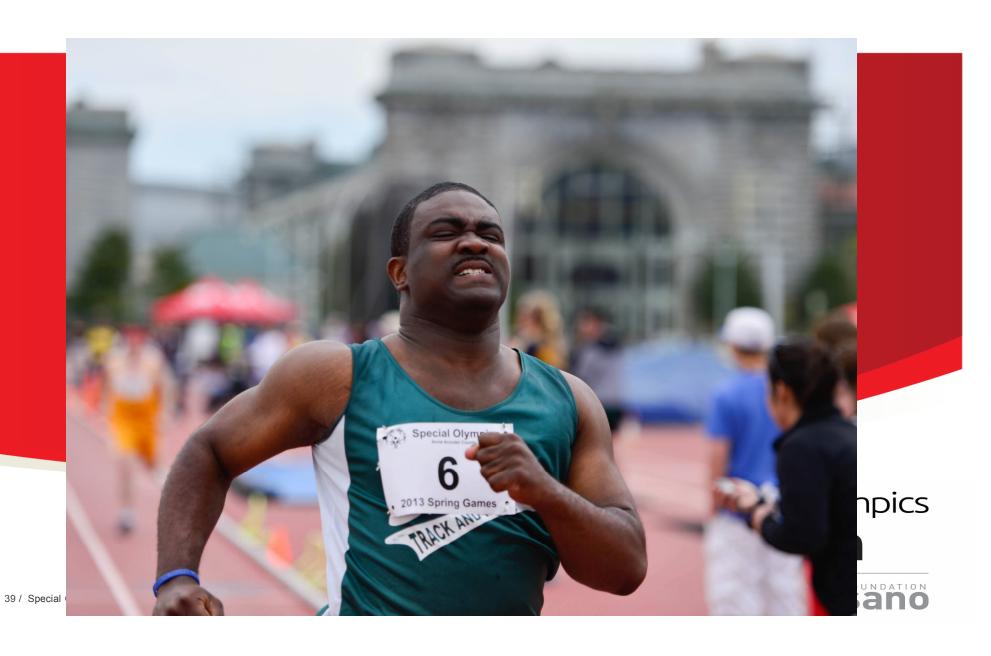
- Previous research has demonstrated that poor pre-operative QS correlates with decreased QS and poorer performance on RTS measures post-operatively
- Increase in involved limb YBT-LQ at 12 weeks but decrease in quadriceps strength at same time point
- HUGE 44% quadriceps strength deficit at 12 weeks (INV vs UNINV)
- QUESTION: Is 12 weeks an appropriate time point to begin plyometric/jogging progressions?



The Case for Inclusive Fitness

Monica Forquer, Manager of Fitness mforquer@specialolympics.org





And yet, the health of our athletes is poor....

- 46.5% Exercise less than 3 days most weeks
- 91% Flexibility Problems Identified
- 83% Strength Problems Identified
- 45% Obese

Healthy weight disparity (US) General Population 36.40% Individuals with ID (SO athletes) Individuals with ID (SO athletes) General Population



A Multi-Tiered Approach...

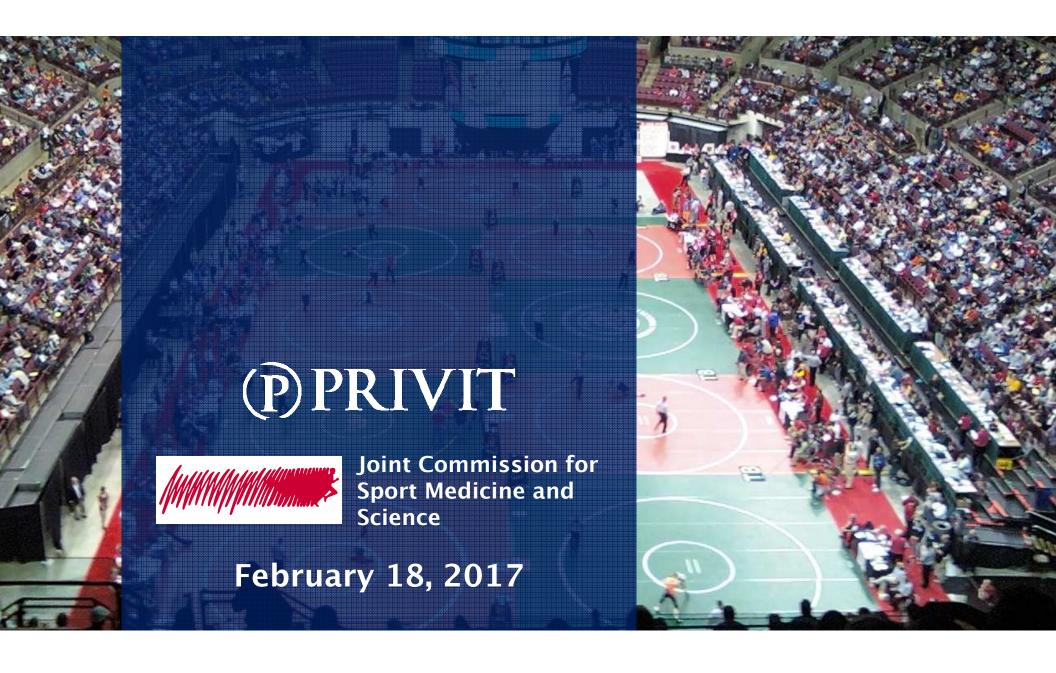




Here's what Inclusion looks like...

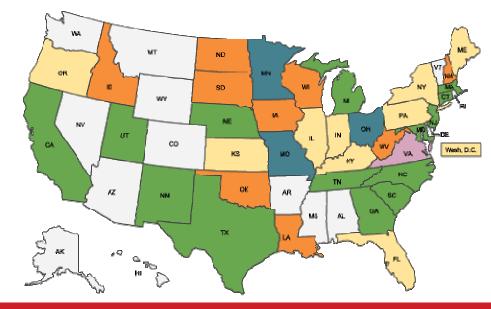






PRIVIT® Summary

- #1 provider of e-PPE solutions throughout North America
- Serving...
 - State High School Athletic Associations
 - Colleges & Universities
 - Sporting Organizations
 - Middle and High Schools
- 3.5 Million PPE Snapshots





Problems We Solve

- Shorten a difficult and timeconsuming process
- Provide the ability to "manage" the entire process
- Eliminate concerns of privacy to athletes and parents
- Provide compliance to organizations and staff members





Compliance

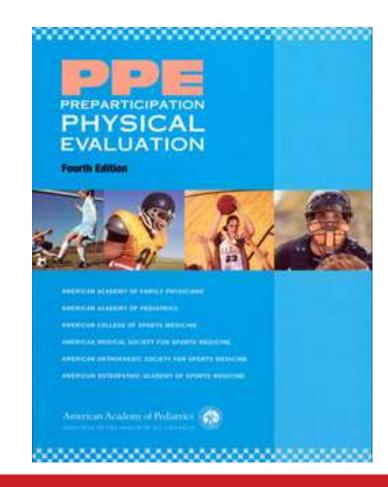
- Clear majority of PPE processes are not completed in a compliant process
- Protecting PHI at all times is a requirement
- PPE Physicians and Organizations are trusting the organizations that carry out the PPE process
- The decision to not adopt to a compliant process is often left to the Athletic Director





What We've Learned About the Future of PPE

- Organizations want flexibility of content not another monograph
 - Medical professionals want as much detail as possible
 - Parents and students want the shortest history form possible
 - Every top-level organization has their own Medical Advisory Group
 - The mid-level organizations that complete the process don't want change





What We've Learned About the Future of PPE

- Most organizations don't know or care if they aren't compliant
- Flexibility without sacrificing comprehensiveness can only be done with a platform
- Record retention, Document
 Management, and PHI security requires automation
- Most contract medical professionals assume that the PHI is protected...It's not





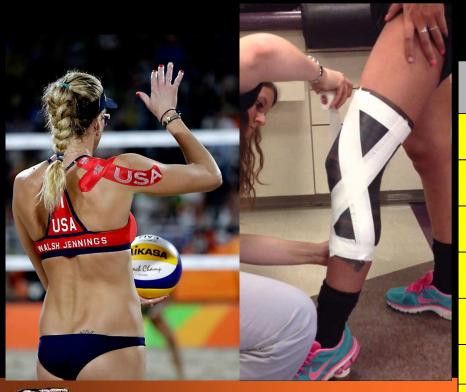


Walk with a Doc



Guests: Ted Forcum & Tim Dutra

Host: Bill Feldner







Does Cost Matter?



Which is better, kinesiology tape or athletic tape?

3:00

2:00

30sec

Pause

Stop

GO!





PT





RUNDOWN

Does Cost Matter?

Ease of use

Mobility vs Stability

Kinesiology tape or athletic tape?

3:00 2:00 30sec Pause Stop GO!



RUNDOWN

Does Cost Matter?

Ease of use

Mobility vs Stability

Proprioception



Kinesiotape or Athletic tape?



2:00 30sec Pause Stop GO!

3:00

CRIME SCENE DO NOT CROSS



RUNDOWN

Does Cost Matter?

Ease of use

Mobility vs Stability

Proprioception

Durability







2:00

3:00

30sec

Pause

Stop

GO!





RUNDOWN

Does Cost Matter?

Ease of use

Mobility vs Stability

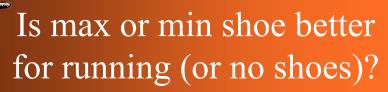
Proprioception

Durability

Run Forrest!









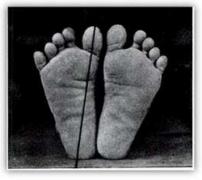
3:00 2:00 30sec Pause Stop GO!



Feet of a Modern Business Man



Feet of a Barefoot Runner



Even horses wear shoes, right?

1:00

RUNDOWN

Does Cost Matter?

Ease of use

Mobility vs Stability

Proprioception

Durability

Run Forrest!

Nature vs Nurture



3:00 2:00 30sec Pause Stop GO!





RUNDOWN

Does Cost Matter?

Ease of use

Mobility vs Stability

Proprioception

Durability

Run Forrest!

Nature vs Nurture

Leveraging control



Everyone wants to be in control these days.

3:00

2:00

30sec

F

Pause Stop

GO!









RUNDOWN

Does Cost Matter?

Ease of use

Mobility vs Stability

Proprioception

Durability

Run Forrest!

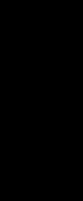
Nature vs Nurture

Leveraging control

Cushion?



Do your feet need cushioning?





2:00

3:00

GO!





RUNDOWN

Performance



Mechanical engineering and sports science?



3:00	2:00	30sec	Pause	Stop	GO!



Thank You!

TBDBITL











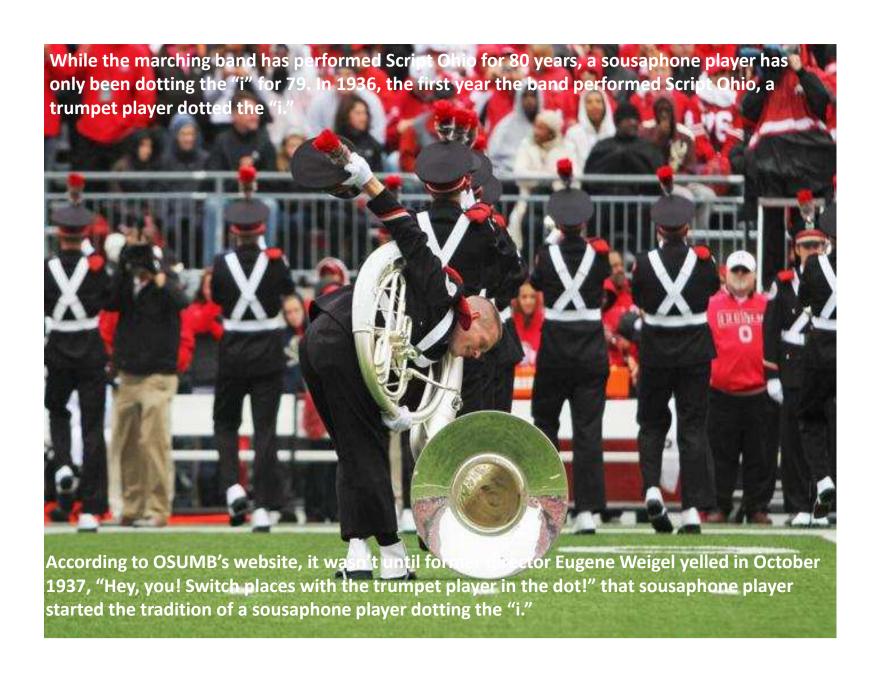
evidence of possibly the first formation of a Script Ohio was provided by George N. Hall, member of the Michigan band, who participated in the October 15, 1932 formation (above photo).





Le Regiment de Sambre et Meuse – WW I

All Brass



https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4SkeBH0jbYo	